# **WORKBOOK**

# Genesis Curriculum The Book of Acts

First Edition

This workbook belongs to



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Day number index is in the appendix.	

## Paragraph Writing

ntroduction (What's the main idea?)	
	1 1
etail 1	
	1
etail 2	
etail 3	
onclusion (What's the point?)	

#### Essay Writing Outline (The Plan)

The intro, the three main ideas, and the conclusion will each become a paragraph. Introduction: What's the main idea? Get their attention (first sentence): Thesis statement (last sentence): \_\_\_\_\_ Body: Prove your idea. Give the details that support your thesis. Main idea 1: Main idea 2: Main idea 3:\_\_\_\_\_ Conclusion: What's the point? Restate your thesis in a different way (first sentence): Wrap it up. Why did you write this? So what? What do you have to say about it? (last sentence):

# **Editing Checklist**

**Directions:** Edit your written work using the Self-Edit columns, fixing any errors you notice. Then, ask someone to complete the Peer Edit column.

	Self-Edit		Peer Edit		
	Checklist Items		Checklist Items		
Punctuation	I read my written piece aloud to see where to stop or pause for periods, question marks, exclamation marks, and commas.		I read the author's piece aloud to see where to stop or pause for periods, question marks, exclamation marks, and commas.		
	Quotation marks are included where needed.		Quotation marks are included where needed.		
Capital Letters	I checked for capitals at the beginning of sentences.		I checked for capitals at the beginning of sentences.		
	Proper nouns begin with capital letters.		Proper nouns begin with capital letters.		
Grammar	My sentences are complete thoughts and contain a noun and a verb.		Sentences are complete thoughts and contain a noun and a verb.		
	I don't have any run-on sentences.		There are no run-on sentences.		
Spelling	I checked spelling and fixed the words that didn't look right.		Spelling is correct.		

Checklist is adapted from Read Write Think. Permission is granted to use for educational purposes.

For paragraphs:

 Is there an introduction sentence that states the main idea?
 Are there at least three details that tell more about the main idea?
 Is there a conclusion sentence that wraps up the idea?

# **Essay Editing Checklist**

## Organization

Intro	duction
	Introduction begins with an attention grabber or hook.
	Introduction has at least three sentences.
	Introduction ends with a clear thesis statement.
Body	
•	There are at least three body paragraphs (each indented).
	Each body paragraph has a topic sentence.
	Each body paragraph has at least three main ideas.
	Each body paragraph has a conclusion sentence.
Conc	lusion
	The conclusion paragraph is at least three sentences.
	The conclusion paragraph restates the thesis statement.
	The conclusion paragraph answers "So what?" or makes a broad
	generalization.
Coherence	
	The ideas flow logically and make sense.
	Transitions are used correctly.
	There are no awkward parts.
	 The essay is interesting.
Ideas/Cont	ent
•	Everything in the essay supports the thesis statement (main idea).
	There is enough supporting evidence for each body paragraph.
	Descriptive and precise words are used.
<del></del>	Sentence structure is varied (a mix of simple, compound, and
	complex sentences).
	comprex centerioes,
Grammar a	and Mechanics
	out any of the following that you find:
1 01110	Misspelled words
	Grammatical mistakes
	Punctuation errors
	Run-on Sentences (more than one sentence smooshed together)
	Fragments (incomplete sentences)

Adapted and used with permission from Jimmie's Collage.

#### Genesis Curriculum

#### Writing Sentences 1

Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives. Most one syllable words will add ER and EST. Most three syllable words will add MORE and MOST.

	Comparative	Superlative
1. sad		
2. happy		
3. beautiful		
4. bad		
5. big		
6. fancy		
7. good		
8. great		
9. forgetful		
10. hungry		
11.perplexed		

Change the first letter of each sentence and add on its ending punctuation. Then underline the simple subject (noun) and circle the simple predicate (verb).

- 1. let's all go to the park for a picnic this afternoon
- 2. they went around the house and behind the bushes to hide
- 3. the smallest animals in the ocean are zooplankton
- 4. peter and Andrew had tons of fun playing together today
- 5. would you like to have some ice cream
- 6. we drove past the store, along the creek, and up the hill
- 7. the brick house with the blue door and the holly tree is ours
- 8. what did you think of the book
- 9. i can't believe it
- 10. that's amazing
- 11. i love warm bread
- 12. the old rusty door creaked open as the gust of wind hit the abandoned house

Rewrite the	sentences to	combine	them	into c	ne sentence.
INC VVIICE CITE	JCIIICCIICCI IC	COLLIGITIC		111100	

- 1. I hope he can make it. I'll understand if you can't.
- 2. Skating is a lot of fun. I want to go again soon.
- 3. I want to become an astronaut. I want to be a juggler.

4. I am tired. I want to take a nap.

Add a comma or two to separate out the unnecessary information. Make sure that the sentence still makes sense without it.

- 5. That girl the one with the red hair is in my class.
- 6. The best day ever my tenth birthday was the day I got my bike.
- 7. I got around to cleaning up my room finally.
- 8. Archery not such a common sport has become more popular.
- 9. I the one with the black thumb want to join the garden club.

Correct the capitalization and punctuation.

Example: Pearl Harbor was attacked on Sunday, December 7, 1941. (Comma between date words: Sunday, December) (Comma between date numbers: 7, 1941)

- 1. michael and john both live on middletown road
- 2. i was born on saturday may 14<sup>th</sup> 2005
- 3. can you believe what sarah said
- 4. i can't believe we're going to disney world
- 5. have you ever been in the pacific ocean or atlantic ocean
- 6. i want to go to her party on friday but I have a meet on april 22<sup>nd</sup>
- 7. i love reading to my kids the book bear snores on
- 8. dad needs to buy some kleenex at walmart and he needs to make sure to get pampers too
- 9. how many days are there in january
- 10. my daughter was born on saturday march 18 2000

#### Genesis Curriculum

Writing Sentences 5	5
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Write as many interesting alternates of saying the verb as you can think of. Be creative.

He answered.

They brought him in.

Examples: Hailey said, "I think this is the best one."

"No, I think this is the best one," responded Brian.

"Well, I'm going to choose this one," their mom announced, "and I don't

want to hear any complaints."

Directions: Add in all the punctuation and underline all the letters that should be capitalized.

- 1. michael said let's go
- 2. i answered i think so
- 3. can you believe it sarah asked
- 4. i can't believe it she exclaimed
- 5. have you ever been to the ocean sean asked
- 6. yes he answered i do want to go
- 7. they asked are we there yet
- 8. dad replied don't ask that ever again
- 9. how much longer the one asked instead and then added never mind after seeing their dad's face in the mirror
- 10. okay she answered

Directions: Identify each sentence as declarative (D), interrogative (T), imperative (P), or exclamatory (E). Then write one of each type. There are two short lines and two long lines. Fill them. Underline the nouns in the first two sentences, the adjectives in sentences three and four, and the verbs in the others.

1.	I hope that this book has a good ending
2.	Think before you speak
3.	Are you able to help little, old me?
4.	Wow, amazing!
5.	I can't believe it's not butter!
6.	Get out of there!
7.	
8.	
9.	·
10.	

Directions: Identify each verb in the sentences by underlining them. Above them write A for action verb, L for linking verb, H for helping verb, and I for infinitive. At the end of the sentence write past, present, or future. Then write a sentence in the past tense, the present tense, and the future tense. Label your sentences in the same way.

1.	I hope the ending of this book is exciting.
2.	It is important to think before you speak
3.	Can you help me with this?
4.	He will do a great job helping me today
5.	We wanted to go if we were needed
6.	Things around here seemed suspicious
7.	We went to the park to play ball
8.	
9.	
10.	

He will: he'll

They had: they'd

Examples:

Their family has a cat. It's their family's cat. The girls have a new game. It's the girls' game. The girl's game means there is only one girl.					
1.	cannot	not 2. will not			
3.	l am	4. it is			
5.	they are	_6. would have			
7.	David has a bike. It's				
8.	Elsie has a dog. It's				
9.	Jonathan has a book. It's				
	te the following sentences using apos The dogs have collars ar				
 11.	The boys have scooters	and helmets. They are the			
Write	a sentence with a contraction and an	apostrophe to show possession.			

Directions: Underline the pronouns. Think, "Could I replace this word with a noun?"

A "hoot owl," Johnnie Green termed him. And anyone who heard Solomon hooting of an evening, or just before sunrise, would have agreed that it was a good name for him. But he was really a barred owl, for he had bars of white across his feathers.

During the day, however, Solomon Owl he was quiet about it. One reason for his silence then was that he generally slept when the sun was shining. And when most people were sleeping, Solomon Owl was as wide awake as he could be.

He was a night-prowler—if ever there was one. And he could see a mouse on the darkest night, even if it stirred ever so slightly.

That was unfortunate for the mice. But luckily for them, Solomon Owl couldn't be in more than one place at a time. Otherwise, there wouldn't have been a mouse left in Pleasant Valley—if he could have had his way.

Fill in the blanks with pronouns.		
Grace and	want to give this to	
Write a sentence with three	e pronouns.	

Directions: Identify the parts of speech. Write N, V, Adj, or Adv above each underlined word or group of words. Follow any directions farther down the page.

- 1. The <u>embittered</u> girl <u>angrily</u> sat in the <u>corner</u>.
- 2. The <u>cute</u> puppy <u>vigorously wagged</u> his <u>short tail</u>.
- 3. The red-headed woman won the cooking competition.
- 4. I'm a <u>fan</u> of my children <u>fanning</u> me with <u>fans</u>.
- 5. How often do you come to Ocean City?
- 6. We are going to go soon. (Box the whole verb.)
- 7. Love, hope, and faith are gifts from God. (Box the nouns.)
- 8. <u>Very early every morning we always</u> read our Bibles.
- 9. The <u>sun-tanned</u>, <u>freckled-face</u> boy's <u>dog</u> is waiting <u>impatiently</u> to go <u>outside</u> to play. (Box the verbs.)
- 10. They <u>had to bring</u> the <u>volleyball net</u> in their <u>truck</u>. (Box the pronouns.)

#### The Book of Acts

#### Writing Sentences 12

Write similes for each adjective. Use the word <u>like or as</u> and then your comparison. Then write some sentences using similes.

Example: hot like a grill at high noon on the 4th of July
cold
sour
sounds
looks
funny
beautiful
The girl played with her cat. (Choose something to describe with a simile. Was the girl quiet? Was the cat soft?)
The airplane roared down the runway. (Choose something to describe with a simile.)

#### Genesis Curriculum

#### Writing Sentences 13

Underline the prepositional phrase. Circle the prepositions. Put a line over the object of the preposition, the noun or pronoun that follows it. There may be more than one prepositional phrase in a sentence.

Here are just some examples of prepositions: in, out, beside, behind, on, under, after, before, inside, between, into, of, about, from, with, against, and until.

Example: Along the fence I planted tomatoes.

- 1. I want to come with you.
- 2. Did you look under the bed?
- 3. Hide it under the bush beside the tree.
- 4. This is an example of a prepositional phrase.
- 5. The snakes live in that hole in the ground.
- 6. We're playing against the Towers today.
- 7. Don't stay out until nightfall.
- 8. Is everything you need in here?
- 9. Our street is after the bank but before the shoe store.
- 10. I like to learn about things.
- 11. Are you going to the store with us?

Bonus: Which group are you in?

Rewrite the sentences and make them better by adding adjectives. Underline the nouns. Add adjectives in front of each noun. You can alter the sentences a little if you need to. Write great sentences that give us a vivid picture of the scene and what's happening.

I observed the fish at the aquarium.
The girl sprinted across the room.
The boys spotted the cat behind the house.
The children chased the dog down the street.
I read the article about the man's deeds.
The dog walked quietly over to the fallen piece of food and ate it. (Rewrite this sentence. Change nouns and verbs, add adjectives and commas and unnecessary information! Describe!

#### Genesis Curriculum

#### Writing Sentences 15

Example: If I do it, I'll get all wet.

After each introductory phrase, add a comma and then write a complete sentence. Make sure what you write could be read as a complete sentence on its own.

When we finish with this
If you see my glasses
Since there are so many of us
Because it's so late
No
Write your own:

#### The Book of Acts

#### Writing Sentences 16

Call one thing another; write metaphors. Then use them in sentences.

Examples: The apple is Mars among the fruits on the counter. The apple is candy, brightening my eyes. The apple is a symphony in my mouth.

Describe snow. You could describe the milk as cold and as white.

Remember to call it something else. Just say that it IS the other thing. For instance, start with "The snow is"			
(Cold)			
(White)			
Describe a golf ball or ping pong ball in the yard.			
(Round)			
(How it looks sitting by itself in the middle of the yard)			
I was happy. How can you describe that with a metaphor?			
I was a			
She felt as nervous as a mouse in a room full of cats. (That's a simile. How can you say it as a metaphor?)			
She was a			

#### Genesis Curriculum

# Writing Sentences 17

Describe a place. When you are trying to think about what to describe, you can think about describing what it looks like, sounds like, smells like, and what it feels like. Use each literary device at least once: hyperbole, alliteration, onomatopoeia. (Bonus: Use a simile and metaphor. Could you use a metaphor describing the scene as a taste?)				

Put a line under the direct object and a line over the indirect object, if there is one. There is one sentence that does not have a direct object. Put a star next to it.

Example: She kicked the ball to me.

- 1. I have locked my keys in my car more than once.
- 2. We sent them a letter.
- 3. She played me the song she wrote.
- 4. We ate hamburgers for dinner.
- 5. I acquired my balloon-animal skills after a summer working at kids' birthday parties.
- 6. I know I left my pencil right here.
- 7. I forget everything.
- 8. He painted the fence.
- 9. Our dad read this story to us when we were little.
- 10. I want to give Eli a gift for his birthday.
- 11. Why not show your drawing to him?
- 12. Can you tell me the story?
- 13. I am happy.

Examples: Emily told her mom, "The coach said to us, 'This was the most well-

executed game I've ever coached.""

"He said, 'No, never, no way!" Tim told his friends.

"Well, I'm going to choose this one," their mom announced, "and I don't

want to hear any complaints."

Directions: Add in all the punctuation and underline all the letters that should be capitalized.

- Napoleon, who really wanted to be known in history, is quoted as having said glory is fleeting, but obscurity is forever.
- 2. I wanted your help my mom said with exasperation but I couldn't find you anywhere.
- 3. I told my dad I think Einstein was wise. He said not everything that can be counted counts, and not everything that counts can be counted.
- 4. My teacher explicitly said everyone has to be there I explained to my mom.
- 5. Where is everyone I asked the empty room.
- 6. When people say that her art is so good because of her talent, she replies I may have talent, but as Emile Zola said the gift is nothing without work.
- 7. I think so she responded.

#### The Book of Acts

# Writing Sentences 20

Write a paragraph with a main idea sentence.				

# Spelling Review

#### Spelling Review 1

Cut out and glue down letters to spell some of these words: apostles, convincing, proofs, remotest, gazing, intently, Jerusalem, devoting, intestine, desolate, burst, share, accompanied, occupy, forward, distributing.

#### Spelling Review 2

Here are your words to write and alphabetize.

visions

suppose

perplexity

sweet wine

impossible

agony

knowledge

attested

suffer

decay

abandoned

witnesses

pierced

solemn

testified

exhorting

carried

gaze

praising

amazement

clinging

portico

disowned

glorified

restoration

successors

announced

wicked

wiped

speaking

disturbed

descent

trial

#### Genesis Curriculum

# Spelling Review 4

laid 5 tract, whole 6 devise, device, common, buried 7 threats, portion, elapsed 8 carrying, interval 9 responded 10 confidence, competitor 12 congregation
4 Letters
5 Letters
6 Letters
7 Letters
8 Letters
9 Letters
10 Letters
12 Letters

#### Spelling Review 6

Lay a piece of paper over the blank part of this page. Use a pen to write as many of these words as you can. Press very hard with your pen to leave the letter marks on this page. Then take a pencil and lightly scribble over this page to reveal the words.

hearty, agreement, dragging, attention, magic, astonishing, constantly, technique, laying, their, offered, intention, Ethiopian, spoken, preaching, associate

Write a word, one letter at a time on a partner's back. Make sure they get each letter before you move on. Write the whole word before they tell you what it is. Then switch places. You can use this page to pick a word and to make sure you spell it correctly for them. You can also use the page to write down each correctly guessed letter, but you can also try to just do it in your head.

prevents, rejoicing, cities, galaxy, breathing, belonging, flashed, traveled, straight, harm, instrument, circumstantial, strengthened, bound, confounding, August

Directions:

This is like the game Battleship.

Players write six words on their board, one letter per square. The words can go top to bottom and left to right. Words can intersect (share a letter, like in a crossword puzzle).

Players take turns guessing a square by naming its number and letter position. The other player must say either that it is blank or the letter in the square. If that square is blank, the player can place a dot or X in the square on the "Opponent's" board to mark that it's been guessed already. If the square is not blank, the letter should be written in the square on the "Opponent's" board.

After setting up your "ship" words, you don't need to write on your board again during the game. You just keep track of the game on the "Opponent's" board. When you are asked about a square, you will check and tell what's in the square on the "My Ships" board.

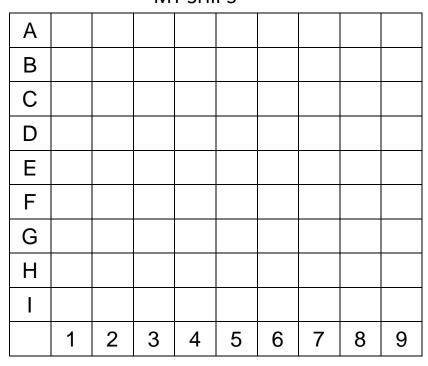
The winner is the first to find all the letters of all six words on the opponent's board, in other words, to sink the opponent's word ships.

MY OPPONENT'S SHIPS

Α									
В									
С									
D									
Е									
F									
G									
Н									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

learned, enjoyed, built, paralyzed, abounding, charity, imploring, arose, Italian, devout, attendants, personal, sixth, preparations, four-footed animals, object

## **MY SHIPS**



#### The Book of Acts

### Spelling Review 10

Find the words vertically, horizontally, and diagonally.

F G W R C C P W N U N Y L H L Q Q H J J T Ι S В G P M U E R P U F A T T C U В Ι R A V G L C V 0 A L Q V N E C R E E N 0 U A G P R Q R G E T J C N S Ι E R В L E Ι T 0 D A R Z N Z Ν E M S T F V Α В J Ι Ν Ε Ι T Ι F H L Y E C D D U A A N В D E P T L В S F N R 0 R E D F Q I X Y G T J Η J Z Ι J Ε X Ν X J C Ι D Q V P R 0 J В T Z C D E Ν V X Α Q R Y E T N C Q P Ε S Q U A D S T N X Ι A F E N Q S X Y V A D V W E K Q В T N В V A W F Y N K T R D S W P F N T S Ε В E L Ι E V Ι N G W A L Y 0 X 0 L L R N D W T V U M J 0 R S C N P P T S X A U J L Y H Ι V Y G L Z H G M X N S V X 0 U H Y E

reported, believing, quieted, granted, connection, news, encourage, considerable, indicate, mistreat, pleased, squads, fervently

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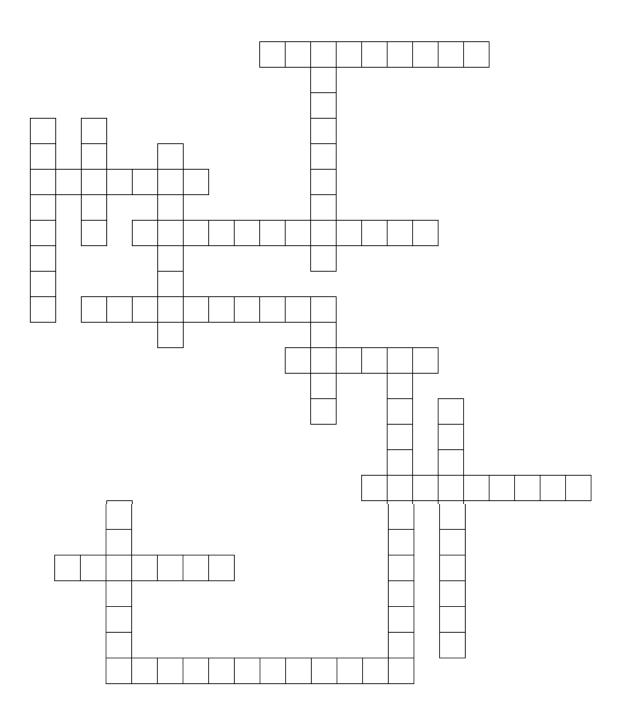
# Spelling Review 11 Yarn Spelling

Write spelling words with yarn. I suggest not doing it on this page. You could glue your words down onto cardboard or construction paper. Here are words you could use.

forbidden, trying, appealing, riverside fortune, annoyed, deserted, frustrated blows, securely, unfastened, loud trembling, before, were, wounds

# Spelling Review 12 Fill in the Letters

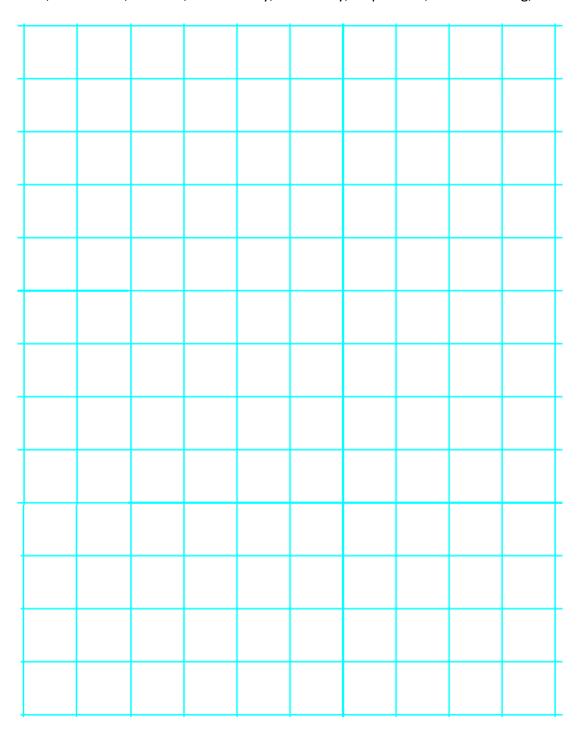
stopped, answered, mankind, known, contaminated, greetings, unsettling, essentials, rejoiced, encouragement, lengthy, poisonous, wanted, insisting, disagreement, grace



# Spelling Review 14 Scrabble

Place one letter at a time. Try to get in all your spelling words.

completely, blasphemed, resisted, peninsula, contrary, vicious, reasonable, concerned, mob, authorities, consent, successively, accurately, acquainted, demonstrating, refuted



#### The Book of Acts

Spelling Review 15 Tic Tac Toe

Draw a Tic Tac Toe board. Place an X or an O if you spell your word correctly.

#### Genesis Curriculum

## Spelling Review 16 Sidewalk Chalk Spelling

Write your words with big letters on the driveway or sidewalk. Step on each letter as you spell the words out loud.

residents	begging	breaking	exaggerate
completion	gladly	zealous	companies
defiled	commander	beating	multitude
Greek	revolt	insignificant	prisoners

## Spelling Review 18 I Spy

Macedonia, within, comforted, daybreak, arranged, arrived, decided, hurrying, Asia, humility, shrink, publicly, purchased, savage, sparing, accompanying

ROUND ONE	ROUND TWO
Clue 1:	Clue 1:
Clue 2:	Clue 2:
Clue 3:	Clue 3:
Clue 4:	Clue 4:
Clue 5:	Clue 5:
ROUND THREE	ROUND FOUR
Clue 1:	Clue 1:
Clue 2:	Clue 2:
Clue 3:	Clue 3:
Clue 4:	Clue 4:
Clue 5:	

Directions:

This is like the game Battleship.

Players write six words on their board, one letter per square. The words can go top to bottom and left to right. Words can intersect (share a letter, like in a crossword puzzle).

Players take turns guessing a square by naming its number and letter position. The other player must say either that it is blank or the letter in the square. If that square is blank, the player can place a dot or X in the square on the "Opponent's" board to mark that it's been guessed already. If the square is not blank, the letter should be written in the square on the "Opponent's" board.

After setting up your "ship" words, you don't need to write on your board again during the game. You just keep track of the game on the "Opponent's" board. When you are asked about a square, you will check and tell what's in the square on the "My Ships" board.

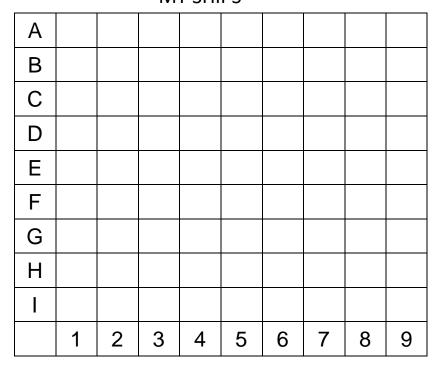
The winner is the first to find all the letters of all six words on the opponent's board, in other words, to sink the opponent's word ships.

## MY OPPONENT'S SHIPS

Α									
В									
С									
D									
Е									
F									
G									
Н									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

spent, earnestly, incredible, enraged, appropriate, prove, death, engaged, driving, excellent, sober, Christian, coast, consideration, friends

## **MY SHIPS**



# Grammar Review

#### Genesis Curriculum

## Grammar Review 1

1. adjective	
2. infinitive verb to	
3. superlative adjective	
4. noun	
5. adjective	
6. noun	
7. ING verb	
8. noun	
9. verb	
10. noun	
11. linking verb	-
12. comparative adjective	
13. linking verb	-
14. noun from #4 above	
15. past tense verb	

#### **Grammar Review 3**

Examples: Hailey said, "I think this is the best one."

"No, I think this is the best one," responded Brian.

"Well, I'm going to choose this one," their mom announced, "and I don't

want to hear any complaints."

Write a dialogue. Each sentence should contain quotation marks. Anytime a new person speaks, you need to start a new line on the page.

#### **Grammar Review 5**

Replace all the nouns with pronouns. First underline all of the nouns. Then write a pronoun replacement above it.

- They could be subject pronouns which are:
  - I, you, he, she, it, we, and they.
- They could be object pronouns such as:
  - me, you, him, her, it, us, and them.
- They could be possessive pronouns such as:
  - my, mine, your, yours, his, her, hers, its, our, ours, and their, theirs.

Pretty soon Uncle Sammy Coon sneezed. And when that happened, Mr. Crow jumped back quickly. But Uncle Sammy didn't awake—at least, he didn't open his eyes. So Mr. Crow tickled his nose again.

Now, old Mr. Crow was so amused that he glanced at Jolly Robin, to see if he was watching. And in <a href="mailto:that:instant">that instant</a> when Mr. Crow looked away, Uncle Sammy Coon leaped at him. He caught Mr. Crow by the tail, too.

The old gentleman set up <u>a great din</u>. He squawked, "Help! help!" at the top of his voice and flapped his broad wings.

Grammar Review 6 Editing

Correct these sentences. Correct spelling, punctuation, capitalization, and word choice.

We gotted ready for our walk and got on our shoes and coates. We headed down cherry street and turned onto maple lane?

where should we go next my mom asked.

"Just follow tim and I," I said.

When it started to rain we made a U-turn. If it had been a downpour we would have run home. We decided to enjoy the rain shower while we walked back to the house. Soaking wet we made it back Home with smiles on our faces.

#### Genesis Curriculum

# Grammar Review 7 Mad Libs

Fill in the blanks with the correct part of speech or phrase. A prepositional phrase begins with a preposition and ends with a noun or pronoun: over the moon, with me, under the house, from the book, in the bucket, etc. A superlative adjective is the most or has —est.

1	noun	
2	ING verb	
3	adjective	
4	simile with verb	
5		
6		
7		
8	superlative adjective	
9	ING verb	

# Grammar Review 8 Which is Which?

Identify each phrase as a metaphor (M), simile (S), hyperbole (H), onomatopoeia (O), or alliteration (A). Fill in the blank with the letter the represents the answer.

 1. as big as a bus
 2. seen it a million times
 3. snap, crackle, pop
 4. she's a monkey
 5. sleeping like a baby
 6. cute and cuddly cubs
 7. crashing and banging
 8. to the moon and back
 9. he's a teddy bear
 10. furry, fluffy friends
 11. boom went the dynamite
 12. tiny as a mouse
 13. mighty munchkins
 14. my fingers are icicles (two answers)

Use this list of words and definitions to choose your word and to guess the drawings.

gush: to have a lot flowing out, often suddenly

burst: to suddenly break open and spill your contents

occupy: to reside in a place, or to fill something

perplexed: baffled, completely puzzled

abundant: having more than enough, copious

descent: being of a certain ancestry, a path leading downward, movement

downward

remote: not likely to occur, or occurring a great distance away

permeate: to spread throughout

continually: without stopping

incessantly: without stopping, constantly

attest: to be a witness to, to provide evidence of

abandon: to desert someone or something or to not look after it, or to give up

on something

solemnly: to act in a serious manner

indifference: a lack of caring or interest

disown: to reject, to refuse to be connected with someone or something

ignorance: a lack of knowledge, a lack of understanding

futile: pointless, useless

conceive: to think up a plan or idea

esteem: admiration and respect

intend: to have a plan of action, or destined for a certain purpose

reputation: what people believe about someone or something

- 1. esteem
- A. a lack of caring or interest
- B. admiration and respect
- C. what people believe about someone or something
- D. pointless, useless
- descent
- A. being of a certain ancestry, a path leading downward, movement downward
- B. what people believe about someone or something
- C. to suddenly break open and spill your contents
- D. pointless, useless
- 3. ignorance
- A. a lack of knowledge, a lack of understanding
- B. to reside in a place, or to fill something
- C. to have a plan of action, or destined for a certain purpose
- D. not likely to occur, or occurring a great distance away
- 4. abundant
- A. having more than enough, copious
- B. being of a certain ancestry, a path leading downward, movement downward
- C. not likely to occur, or occurring a great distance away
- D. a lack of knowledge, a lack of understanding
- 5. reputation
- A. to think up a plan or idea
- B. what people believe about someone or something
- C. being of a certain ancestry, a path leading downward, movement downward
- D. to spread throughout
- 6. futile
- A. to act in a serious manner
- B. pointless, useless
- C. to think up a plan or idea
- D. a lack of knowledge, a lack of understanding
- 7. permeate
- A. to suddenly break open and spill your contents
- B. to desert someone or something and not looked after it, or to give up
- C. to spread throughout
- D. a lack of knowledge, a lack of understanding

#### Genesis Curriculum

- 8. attest
- A. baffled, completely puzzled
- B. being of a certain ancestry, a path leading downward, movement downward
- C. to be a witness to, to provide evidence of
- D. to spread throughout
- 9. solemnly
- A. to act in a serious manner
- B. to reject, to refuse to be connected with someone or something
- C. to suddenly break open and spill your contents
- D. having more than enough, copious
- 10. disown
- A. a lack of knowledge, a lack of understanding
- B. to act in a serious manner
- C. to reject, to refuse to be connected with someone or something
- D. without stopping, constantly
- 11. continually
- A. to suddenly break open and spill your contents
- B. a lack of knowledge
- C. without stopping
- D. to spread throughout
- 12. intend
- A. to have a plan of action, or destined for a certain purpose
- B. to act in a serious manner
- C. a lack of knowledge, a lack of understanding
- D. pointless, useless
- 13. remote
- A. what people believe about someone or something
- B. a lack of caring or interest
- C. admiration and respect
- D. not likely to occur, or occurring a great distance away
- 14. burst
- A. being of a certain ancestry, a path leading downward, movement downward
- B. to suddenly break open and spill your contents
- C. to have a plan of action, or destined for a certain purpose
- D. having more than enough, copious

#### The Book of Acts

- 15. abandon
- A. pointless, useless
- B. to desert someone or something, or to give up on something
- C. to have a plan of action, or destined for a certain purpose
- D. to have a lot flowing out, often suddenly
- 16. perplexed
- A. without stopping
- B. to suddenly break open and spill your contents
- C. baffled, completely puzzled
- D. to be a witness to, to provide evidence of
- 17. gush
- A. to have a lot flowing out, often suddenly
- B. not likely to occur, or occurring a great distance away
- C. a lack of caring or interest
- D. to have a plan of action, or destined for a certain purpose
- 18. conceive
- A. to be a witness to, to provide evidence of
- B. to think up a plan or idea
- C. without stopping, constantly
- D. to desert someone or something, or to give up on something
- 19. indifference
- A. a lack of caring or interest
- B. without stopping, constantly
- C. to desert someone or something, or to give up on something
- D. pointless, useless
- 20. incessantly
- A. admiration and respect
- B. pointless, useless
- C. without stopping, constantly
- D. to reside in a place, or to fill something
- 21. occupy
- A. to act in a serious manner
- B. to reside in a place, or to fill something
- C. to have a lot flowing out, often suddenly
- D. a lack of caring or interest

Play Charades. Use this list to choose a word to act out and use it to help you guess what others are acting out.

devout: totally committed to a belief

**induce**: to succeed in getting something to happen, particularly in getting someone to do something

perish: to die in a bad way, or to suffer ruin or destruction

associate: to connect two things together in your mind

**prevent**: to keep something from happening, impede

**cope**: to be able to deal with something that's difficult

circumstantial: relating to the circumstances around something; not as important

**confound**: to surprise, to throw into confusion, to perplex someone by acting against expectation

**deplete**: to go down in number or to use up resources so that they will be gone

abounding: having or providing a lot of something

cohort: group with something in common, even can be the one person with you

yearn: to desire deeply and longingly

**objection**: saying you disagree with something or the reason you disagree with something

partiality: liking one thing over another

refuse: to not be willing to do something

proceed: to do the next thing, which could be just continuing with what you were doing

quell: to quiet down, to put an end to, to keep down

tenacious: determined, persistent, not easily pushed aside, holding firm

indicate: to point out, to suggest what's preferable

**fervently**: with enthusiasm and passion

This story is all mixed up. Fix it by rearranging the words into the correct blanks.

A tomato has <u>refused</u>. <u>Tenacious</u> evidence <u>confounded</u> it was no accident. I wasn't the culprit so I had no <u>cohort</u> to an investigation. I had to <u>cope</u> the <u>objection</u> of suspects to speak, but they each had an alibi, an excuse. But I <u>perished</u> to give up. I was <u>circumstantial</u>. I could <u>induce</u> with the pressures of the investigation. I was <u>indicated</u> until I saw a groundhog saunter up and take a bite. I had found my criminal.

A to	mato	has			<u> </u>	
					as no accident	
the o	culprit	t so I	had	no _		_ to an
inves <sup>.</sup>	tigatic	on. I	had	to		the
		of	susp	ects to	o speak, but t	hey each
had a	ın alib	i, an ex	cuse.	But I _		_ to give
up. I	was			I	could	
with	the	pressur	es o	f the	investigation	ı. I was
		uı	ntil I s	saw a	groundhog sa	unter up
and t	ake a	bite. I h	ad fo	und m	y criminal.	

# Vocabulary Review 6 Balderdash

Choose a word. Tell everyone the word and mix up the real definition with one or two fake definitions. Everyone who guesses the correct definition gets a point.

embitter: to cause someone to feel bitter and resentful

restrain: to hold back someone or something from doing something

vain: useless, or having a too-high opinion of oneself

commend: to give over to someone the care of something/someone, or to praise

engross: to hold one's attention completely

abstain: to choose not to do something

essentials: the most important things that are absolutely necessary

insist: to demand, to be forceful in saying what should be done

appeal: to make a request that is made with deep feeling, often with a sense of urgency

deserted: to abandon, to leave without planning to return

secure: not able to be lost, confident, free from danger, dependable

wound: injury, usually means the skin is cut

contrary: opposite, or always disagreeing

**escort**: to go with someone as their guide or protector

**provoke**: to create a strong feeling or reaction in others

converse: to have a conversation

resist: to withstand and not give in, or to fight against something

vicious: violent and hurtful on purpose

contaminate: to make something impure by adding something undesirable to it

refute: to say or prove that something is wrong or not true

Taboo

Choose a word from the list and get others to guess the word by saying anything but the words in the definition. You can say little words like to, and, or, is, etc.

embitter: to cause someone to feel bitter and resentful

restrain: to hold back someone or something from doing something

vain: useless, or having a too-high opinion of oneself

commend: to give over to someone the care of something/someone, or to praise

engross: to hold one's attention completely

abstain: to choose not to do something

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**deserted**: to abandon, to leave without planning to return

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**escort**: to go with someone as their guide or protector

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resist: to withstand and not give in, or to fight against something

vicious: violent and hurtful on purpose

contaminate: to make something impure by adding something undesirable to it

**refute**: to say or prove that something is wrong or not true

Pictionary

Choose a word from the list and get others to guess the word by drawing a picture.

embitter: to cause someone to feel bitter and resentful

restrain: to hold back someone or something from doing something

vain: useless, or having a too-high opinion of oneself

commend: to give over to someone the care of something/someone, or to praise

engross: to hold one's attention completely

abstain: to choose not to do something

essentials: the most important things that are absolutely necessary

insist: to demand, to be forceful in saying what should be done

appeal: to make a request that is made with deep feeling, often with a sense of urgency

**deserted**: to abandon, to leave without planning to return

secure: not able to be lost, confident, free from danger, dependable

wound: injury, usually means the skin is cut

contrary: opposite, or always disagreeing

**escort**: to go with someone as their guide or protector

**provoke**: to create a strong feeling or reaction in others

converse: to have a conversation

resist: to withstand and not give in, or to fight against something

vicious: violent and hurtful on purpose

contaminate: to make something impure by adding something undesirable to it

refute: to say or prove that something is wrong or not true

#### The Book of Acts

Vocabulary Review 9
Story Telling

Tell a story using the words from your vocabulary list. It's your turn until you use the next word.

overcome: succeed, win over a problem, be overwhelmed with an emotion

**expeditious**: done quickly and efficiently

**humility**: humbleness, modesty, a low view of your own importance

grieve: to be really distressed, to be very sad over a loss

exaggerate: describing something different than it actually was (biggest, fastest, etc.)

**zealous**: showing a lot of energy and enthusiasm

defile: to do something that brings dishonor

revolt: to rebel or to cause disgust

acquire: to get for yourself, to achieve after practicing

dissension: a disagreement that causes a continuing argument in a group of people

investigation: systematic research to find the truth

accusation: saying that someone has done something wrong

cherish: to show care and affection for someone or something or to hold dear a thought

concession: something conceded

offense: something done wrong

assert: to speak and act in a confident and forceful way

enrage: to make really angry

**dialect**: a particular form of a language

sober: serious, reserved in character, not drunk

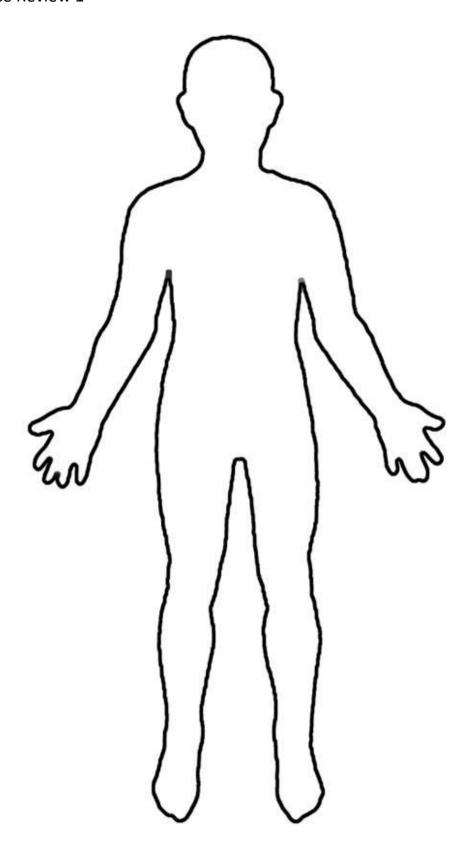
consideration: thinking something over, being thoughtful toward someone

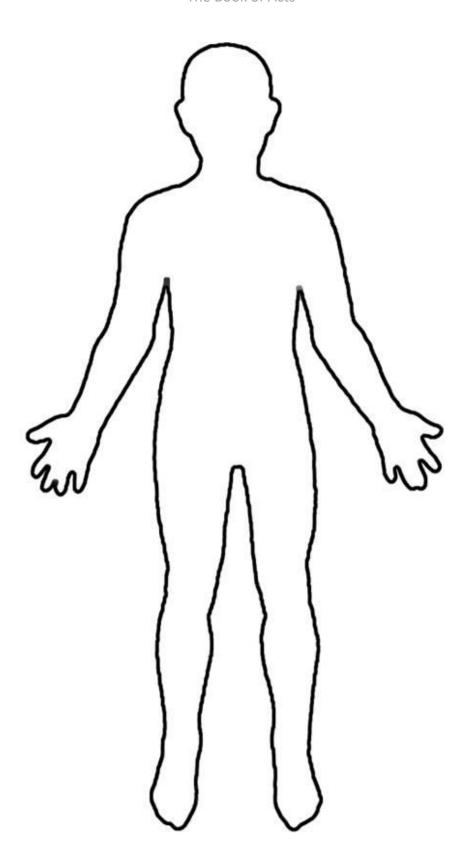
This story is all mixed up. Fix it by rearranging the words into the correct blanks.

There had to be an <u>accusation</u> into the matter. After much <u>offense</u> I was <u>zealous</u> to find the one who made the <u>consideration</u>. I searched to <u>exaggerate</u> evidence. I would not <u>acquire</u> if I said that I was <u>humility</u> in my work. I was <u>defile</u> to the point I was <u>grieve</u> by the <u>asserting</u> act. I <u>revolted</u> my <u>investigation</u>. It <u>exaggerated</u> me to say it, but I must. I was the one who left the lid off the trash can for the raccoons to <u>overcome</u> our yard with trash. In all <u>expeditious</u> I cleaned up the yard.

There had to be an	into the matter. After much				nuch	
	_I was			to find	the	one
who made the		<u>_</u> .	I	search	ed	to
	evidence. I would not					
if I said that I was _		in	my	work.	I	was
	to the point I was					
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it, but I must. I was the one	who left the lid off the t	rash	can f	for the r	acco	ons
to	our yard	W	ith	trash.	In	all
l c	leaned up the yard.					

# Science Review





#### Genesis Curriculum

Science Review 6		
Record your data.		
Test 1		
Ramp height:	Weight:	Distance:
Test 2		
	Woight	Distance
Ramp height:	Weight:	Distance:
Test 3		
Ramp height:	Weight:	Distance:
Test 4		
Ramp height:	Weight:	Distance:
Test 5		
Ramp height:	Weight:	Distance:
Test 6		
Ramp height:	Weight:	Distance:

# **Corrosion Lab** Question: What factors affect corrosion? Hypothesis (your guess): Materials: steel wool, bowls, water, salt, mild acid Procedure: Place small amount of steel wool in each container. Leave one dry and place water in the others. Add salt to the water in two of the containers. Add the acid to one of the salt waters. Observations: Day 33 Day 34 Day 35

Science Review 7

Conclusion:

Draw your free body diagram of a pulley system here.

Science Review 11
Question:
Hypothesis:
Materials:
Procedure:
Observations:
Conclusion:

Science Review 12 Scientific Notation

# **Examples:**

$$10^6$$
 or 1,000,000  
 $10^{23}$  or 100,000,000,000,000,000,000  
 $24,000 = 2.4 \times 10^4$ 

# **Examples:**

$$0.0001 = 1 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$0.029 = 2.9 \times 10^{-2}$$

0.0000000000004 =

0.00036 =

0.000079 =

Science Review 13	
Question:	
Hypothesis:	
Materials:	
Procedure:	
Observations:	
Conclusion:	

Write this number in scientific notation.

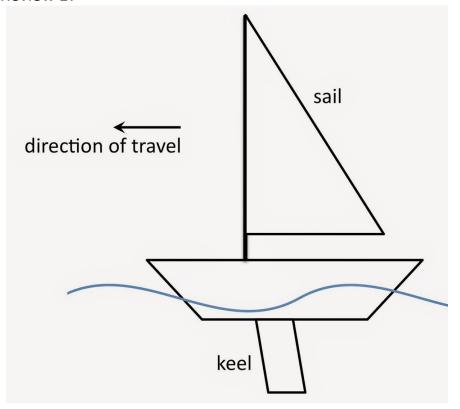
Example: 
$$24,000 = 2.4 \times 10^4$$

Example: 
$$0.029 = 2.9 \times 10^{-2}$$

If this line represents three centimeters \_\_\_\_ , then draw a line that to scale would be twelve centimeters.

Draw a compound machine that uses at least three of these simple machines: inclined plane, pulley, wheel and axel, screw, gear, and wedge. Then draw a free body diagram of what forces are at work

			_																			
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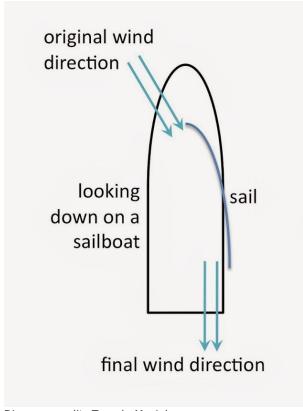


Diagram credit: Tamela Maciel

Draw a diagram to show how a telephone works.

Science Review 19
Question:
Hypothesis:
Materials:
Variable:
Constants:
Procedure:
Observations:
Conclusion:

#### Genesis Curriculum

#### Science Review 20

- 1. Name a type of wetland. (76)
- 2. Name two parts of the telephone. (78)
- 3. How does a waterwheel work? (80)
- 4. Why do you wash wounds? (84)
- 5. Name a reason that makes rivers important. (81)
- 6. What is the name of the outermost shell of an electron's orbit? (73)
- 7. Is gold in the group of halogens? (75)
- 8. Name an invention that led to the start of the Civil War. (91)
- 9. What is the largest rain forest in the world? (77)
- 10. Name a type of carnivorous dinosaur. (72)
- 11. Name two forces at work on a boat. (74)
- 12. What does it mean if something is radioactive? (82)
- 13. Where are quarks found? (71)
- 14. Who was Elizabeth Blackwell? (86)
- 15. What did Galileo discover? (90)
- 16. What is the name of the vertical columns on the periodic table? (73)
- 17. What is the taiga? (85)

Science Review 21
Question:
Hypothesis:
Materials:
Variable:
Constants:
Procedure:
Observations:
Conclusion:

Draw a suspension bridge, at least a line to represent it. Then draw the arrows showing the tension force.

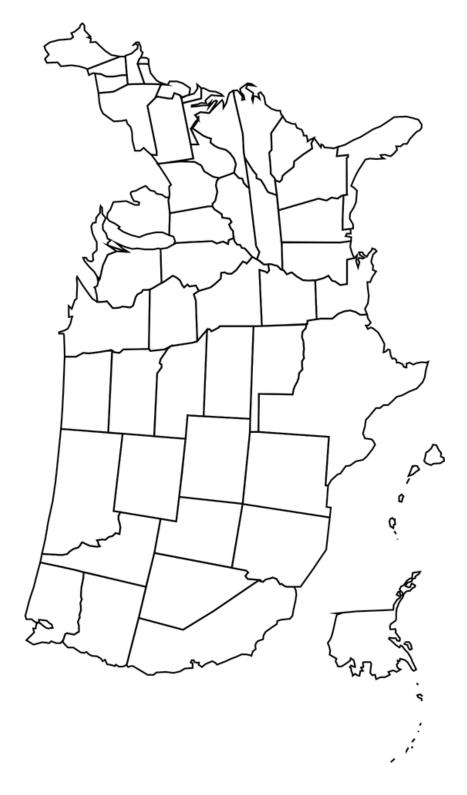
Draw a building plan for stairs.

Draw noon, lightning, and hearing thunder.

Science Review 25
What are these things?
argon:
filament:
El Nino:
silverback:
sextant:
floating gardens:
ballistics:
entomologist:
centrifuge:
smelting:
naval architect:
second law of motion:

Northern Lights:

Color in the states that were part of the Dust Bowl. Draw stripes across the states that were part of the Homestead Act.





Draw an X over about where Israel and Samaria are. Then label the continents. Draw a blue line to show about where the Panama Canal cuts across the continent.

Match the settlers with their dates, places, and info.

1620	PILGRIMS	Salem		
1607		Rhode Island		
1629	PURITANS	Mayflower		
1790		First settlement		
Virginia	JAMESTOWN	religious freedom		
Plymouth	Roger Williams	witch Trials		

#### Social Studies Review 4

Use the following maps to label the cities. Write the city names on the lines below.

Seoul, South Korea - Shanghai, China - Delhi, India - Dublin, Ireland - Lima, Peru

Mexico City, Mexico - Djibouti, Djibouti - Amsterdam, Netherlands - Paris, France

Baghdad, Iraq - Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates - Berlin, Germany - Cairo, Egypt

Copenhagen, Denmark - Tripoli, Libya - Budapest, Hungary - Warsaw, Poland

Bonus: Beijing, China - Sao Paulo, Brazil - Lagos, Nigeria - Mumbai, India - Istanbul, Turkey Karachi, Pakistan - Jakarta, Indonesia - Manila, Philippines - Tokyo, Japan – 2 aren't listed

1. 15.

2. 16.

3. 17.

4. 18.

**5. 19.** 

6. 20.

7. 21.

8. 22.

9. 23.

10. 24.

11. 25.

12. 26.

13. 27.

14. 28.

#### Genesis Curriculum



# l, January 2015





Number these eras in order. What do you remember about each?

I ne Age of Missions
The Early Church
The Reformation
The Roman Church
The Middle Ages
The Modern Church

Match the quotes to who said them. Write the number by their name in the blank. Use the quotes you learned but also what you know of the person. (There's a second page.)

1. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. 2. The Wright Brothers 3. Condoleezza Rice 4. Dr. Ben Carson 5. Nicky Cruz 6. Keith Greene 7. Henry VIII 8. Amerigo Vespucci 9. Napoleon 10. P.T. Barnum 11. Eleanor Roosevelt 12. Colin Powell Alas, how can the poor souls live in concord when you preachers sow amongst them in your sermons debate and discord? They look to you for light and you bring them darkness. Amend these crimes, I exhort you, and set forth God's word truly, both by true preaching and giving a good example, or else, I, whom God has appointed his vicar and high minister here, will see these divisions extinct, and these enormities corrected... "For our own success to be real, it must contribute to the success of others." The only music minister to whom the Lord will say, 'Well done, thy good and faithful servant,' is the one whose life proves what their lyrics are saying, and to whom music is the least important part of their life. Glorifying the only worthy One has to be a minister's most important goal! Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice everywhere. We are caught in an inescapable network of mutuality, tied in a single garment of destiny. Whatever affects one directly, affects all indirectly. If we worked on the assumption that what is accepted as true really is true, then there would be little hope for advance. [and a bonus quote] Isn't it astonishing that all these secrets have been preserved for so many years just so we could discover them! Nothing stirs God's heart more than a humble heart and a merciful spirit. God responds to mercy, because it is through compassion that we fully come to know Him. This is the defining quality of a true follower of Christ. We are never closer to the heart of God than when we are forgiving someone. And we are never farther from it than when we are holding a grudge. Without promotion, something terrible happens... nothing! "I resolved to abandon trade and to fix my aim on something more praiseworthy and stable; whence it was that I made preparation for going to see part of the world and its wonders."

Never interrupt your enemy when he is making a mistake.	
Leadership is solving problems. The day soldiers stop bringing you their problems is the day you have stopped leading them. They have either lost confidence that you help or concluded you do not care. Either case is a failure of leadership.	
I didn't run for student council president. I don't see myself in any way in office. I love policy. I'm not particularly fond of politics.	elected
You have the ability to choose which way you want to go. You have to believe things are going to happen in your life. Do everything you can - prepare, pray and a set o make it happen	_

Match the people to their achievements.
1. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. 2. The Wright Brothers 3. Condoleezza Rice
4. Dr. Ben Carson 5. Theodore Roosevelt 6. Colin Powell 7. Henry VIII
8. Amerigo Vespucci 9. Napoleon 10. P.T. Barnum 11. Eleanor Roosevelt
president when the Panama Canal was built
owner of the American Museum
head of a committee that wrote the Universal Human Declaration of
Rights
leader of the non-violent civil rights protest movement
first female African American Secretary of State
created a maneuverable airplane
first African-American Secretary of State
came to power in a coup and lost at the battle of Waterloo
first African-American and youngest director of pediatric
neurosurgery
realized the Americas weren't India

\_\_\_\_\_broke political and religious ties with the Pope

Match the people to their time periods and important dates. Start with what you know.

- 1. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. 2. The Wright Brothers 3. Condoleezza Rice
- 4. Dr. Ben Carson 5. Theodore Roosevelt 6. Keith Greene 7. Henry VIII
- 8. Amerigo Vespucci 9. Napoleon 10. P.T. Barnum 11. Eleanor Roosevelt
- 12. Colin Powell

15 <sup>th</sup> century
16 <sup>th</sup> century
1815
19 <sup>th</sup> century
1903
1903 - 1914
Depression and WWII
1950s – 1960s
1982
2000
2005
2016

Match the people to how they changed the world.

- 1. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. 2. The Wright Brothers 3. Condoleezza Rice
- 4. Dr. Ben Carson 5. Theodore Roosevelt 6. Colin Powell 7. Henry VIII
- 8. Amerigo Vespucci 9. Napoleon 10. P.T. Barnum 11. Eleanor Roosevelt

started the Reformation in England which led to a series of events
where people sought to have a purer form of religion
 _created the basic design of modern airplanes
_affected change against discrimination by using her influence
 _made a continent fear him and fear the power of one country to dominate others
 overcame life circumstances, pursued education, worked in government to establish policy that decides what America will do (3 answers)
 His integrity and passion led to the creation of laws to protect African Americans from discrimination.
 saw the potential in a short cut that saved over 7800 miles
 _had continents named for him
 introduced marketers to the idea of how understanding human behavior and marketing to target that behavior reaps benefits

# Social Studies Review 10



from http://d-maps.com/carte.php?lib=europe\_1914\_map&num\_car=6029&lang=en

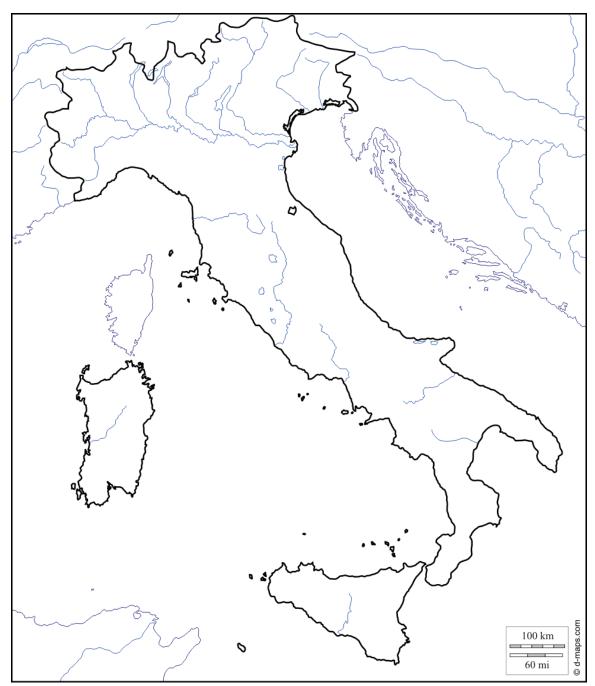
### Genesis Curriculum

Social Studies Review 11
Write down ideas.
Take notes.
Write down resources, the titles of books, articles, or videos that you got your information from and their authors.

Ancient History	Middle Ages
Age of Exploration	Renaissance
Age of Revolution	Atomic Age  Information Age

### Genesis Curriculum

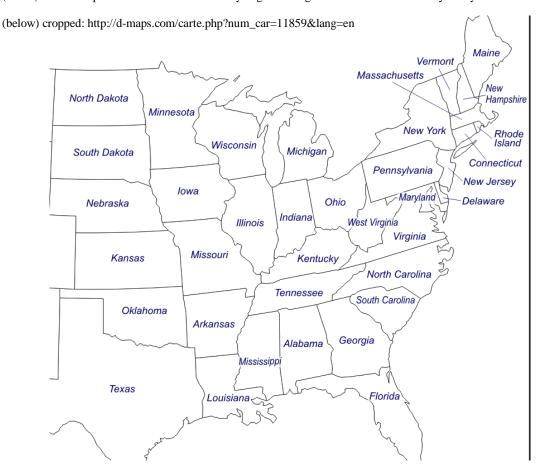
Social Studies Review 13
Topic:
Source one:
Reasons it's credible:
Information:
Source two:
Reasons it's credible:
Information:
Source three:
Reasons it's credible:
Information:



http://d-maps.com/carte.php?num\_car=2327&lang=en

<u>State</u>	<u>1790</u>	<u>1800</u>	<u>1810</u>	<u>1820</u>	1830	<u>1840</u>	1850	<u>1860</u>
Maine	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
New Hampshire	157	8	0	0	3	1	0	0
Vermont	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Massachusetts	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Rhode Island	958	380	108	48	17	5	0	0
Connecticut	2648	951	310	97	25	17	0	0
New York	21193	20903	15017	10088	75	4	0	0
New Jersey	11423	12422	10851	7557	22554	674	236	18
Pennsylvania	3702	1706	795	211	403	64	0	0
Delaware	8887	6153	4177	4509	3292	2605	2290	1798
Maryland/DC	103036	107707	115056	111917	107499	93057	94055	90374
W. Virginia*	4668	7172	10836	15119	17673	18488	20500	18371
Kentucky	12430	40343	80561	126732	165213	182258	210981	225483
Ohio	X**	0	0	0	6	3	0	0
Indiana	X	28	237	190	3	3	0	0
Illinois	X	107	168	917	747	331	0	0
Michigan	X	0	24	0	1	0	0	0
Wisconsin	X	0	0	0	31	11	0	0
Missouri	X	X	2875	10222	25091	58240	87422	114931

(above) census: http://www.civildiscourse-historyblog.com/blog/2017/1/3/when-did-slavery-really-end-in-the-north



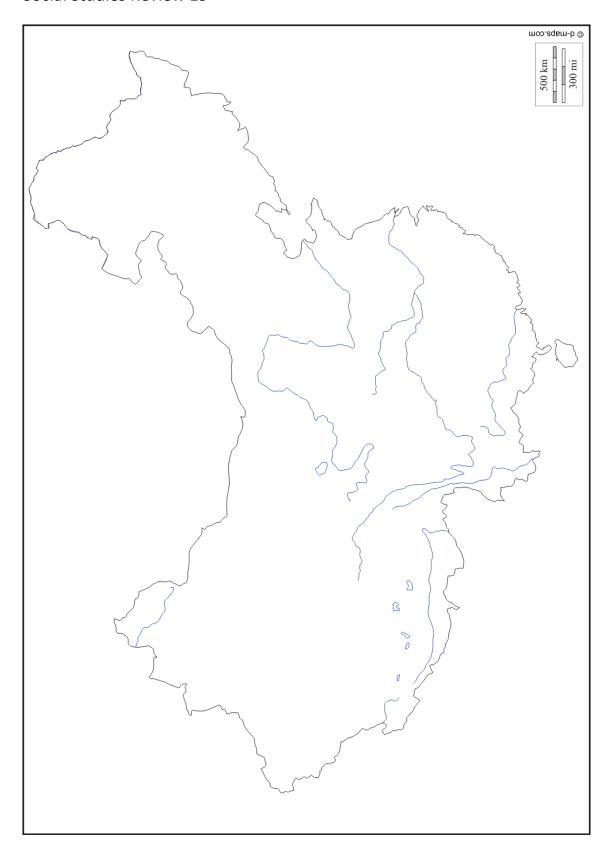
African Americans are first bought from a Dutch ship.
The colony of Massachusetts legalizes slavery.
The colony of Virginia legalizes slavery.
The colony of Maryland changes the law to have slaves for life.
The first anti-slavery protest is held in Pennsylvania by Quakers.
The Declaration of Independence is written.
The Constitution is drafted and accepted.
The first Fugitive Slave Act is passed.
Eli Whitney receives a patent for the cotton gin.
The Louisiana Purchase doubles the size of America.
New Jersey passes a law that gradually frees all the slaves in its state.
The 20 years ends and Congress bans the import of any new slaves.
This is the year of the Missouri Compromise.
Congress passes a tariff law, which South Carolina rejects, forming an army.
The Underground Railroad is formally organized and is led by Robert Purvis.
Frederick Douglass, a former slave, publishes his autobiography.
Harriet Beecher Stowe publishes <i>Uncle Tom's Cabin</i> .
The Republican Party forms as specifically being against slavery.
In a court case known as the Dred Scott decision, slaves are given no rights.
John Brown is executed for treason, but many in the North see him as a hero
Lincoln wins despite not even being on the ballot in the Deep South.
Jefferson Davis is appointed president of the Confederate States of America.
Lincoln becomes president.
Southern troops start the war by attacking Fort Sumter in South Carolina.

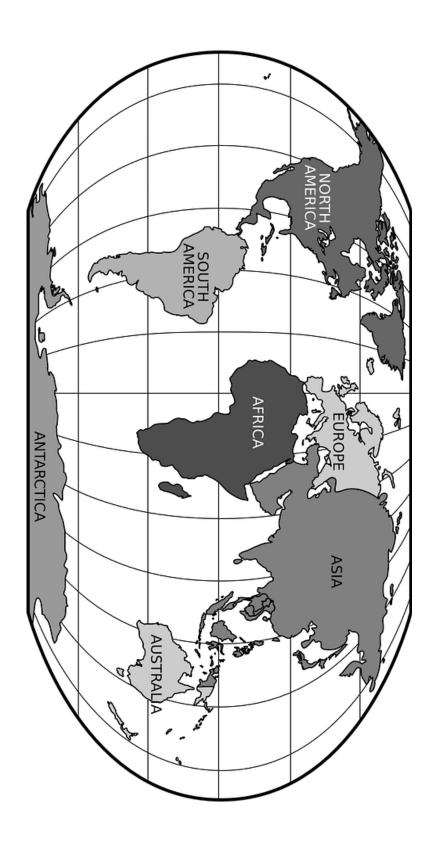
### Genesis Curriculum

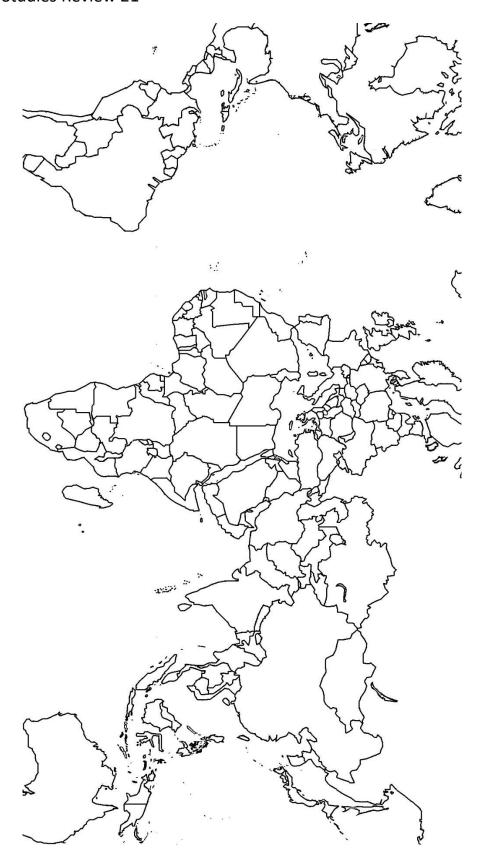
# **Social Studies Review 18** 1 What is fascism? 2 Name an Olympian god. 3 Who flew too close to the sun and is an example of hubris? 4 Who was Pol Pot? 5 When was the Ottoman Empire? 6 Who controlled the Ottoman Empire? In other words, who were the Ottomans? 7 What gas filled the Hindenburg? 8 What was the name of the type of plane that flew on hydrogen? 9 Where was the Mayan civilization? 10 How long did it last? 11 Who received the first telephone patent? 12 Name a Greek invention. 13 What is colonization? 14 In what war was the Tet Offensive? Why was it damaging to America?

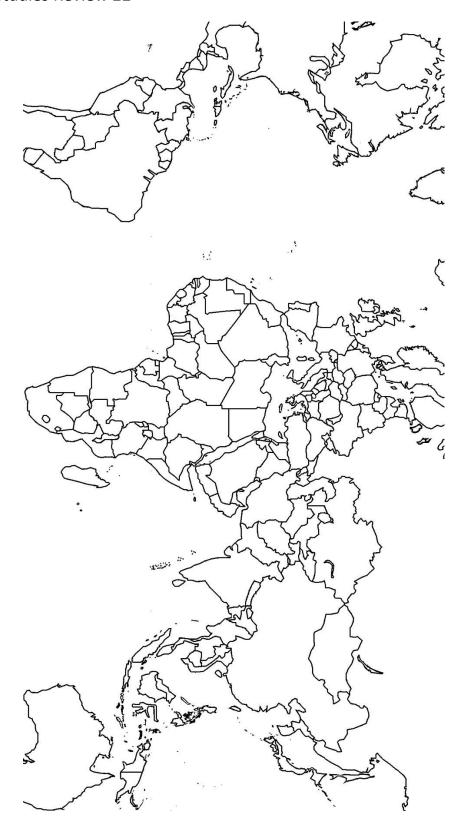
### The Book of Acts

15 Name two ages.
16 What age are we in?
17 Who were Samoset and Squanto?
18 Name a famous work of Michelangelo.
19 Give three facts about Italy.
20 Give three causes of the Civil War.
21 Name the two presidents of the Civil War.
22 Name the two main generals of the Civil War.
23 What did the Missouri Compromise and the Kansas-Nebraska Act have to do with slavery and the Civil War?
24 Name a Civil War battle and its outcome.
25 Who was Matthew Brady?
26 Who was Andrew Johnson?
27 How was reconstruction successful and a failure?









Timeline

320 B(	C India unites under a central government. (124)
4 <sup>th</sup> Cei	ntury Roman Empire becomes Catholic (10)
650	Around this time the Roman Empire in Europe, the Han Dynasty in China, and the
	Gupta Empire in India all fall. (83)
1162	Genghis Khan is born. (50)
1492	Columbus' voyage across the Atlantic (19)
1499	Vasco da Gama returns to Portugal a hero. (129)
1502	Amerigo Vespucci figures out that America isn't India and gets two continents named after him. (19)
1509	Henry VIII becomes king (8)
1517	Martin Luther nails his "95 Theses" to the door of a Catholic church. (10)
1522	Ferdinand Magellan's voyage around the world ends. (83)
1620	The first successful submarine is built by Henry Briggs. (16)
	Salem Witch Trials (21)
1656	The first pendulum clock is used. (60)
1689	Peter the Great begins his rule. He rules until 1725. (125)
1754	French and Indian War begins; it ends in 1763. (41)
1765	The American Revolution begins with England taxing America; it continues
	through 1783. (48)
1769	Napoleon is born. (22)
1783	Hydrogen is named. (75)
1776	America declares themselves independent from England. (48)
1793	The Reign of Terror (22)
1804	Napoleon makes himself emperor of France. (22)
1815	Napoleon loses at the Battle of Waterloo. (22)
1810	P.T. Barnum is born in France. (18)
1836	The Alamo is attacked by Mexican forces. (48)
1844	Elijah McCoy is born in Canada. (38)
1852	The airship is invented. (75)
1861	The Civil War begins; it ends in 1865. There are many dates in this lesson. (94)
1862	The Homestead Act (3)
1863	The Emancipation Proclamation freed slaves in the Deep South. (38)
1965	April 14 Lincoln is assassinated. (94)
	December 6 The Thirteenth Amendment goes into effect, abolishing slavery in America. (94)
1876	Houdini moves to America with his family. (37)
1879	Germany and Austria-Hungary make an alliance. (44)
1880	Helen Keller is born. (115)
1886	Benz receives a patent for a car with a gasoline engine. (45)
1888	Germany breaks their treaty with Russia. (44)
	Bertha Benz gets the first automobile sold. (45)

### The Book of Acts

1903	The Wright Brothers make their first real flight. (15)
	The Panama Canal begins to be built; it finishes in 1914. (24)
	Ford establishes the Ford Motor Company. (39)
1904	Britain joins in an alliance with France, who is already aligned with Russia. (44)
1910	Mother Theresa is born in Skopje, Macedonia. (47)
1914	WWI begins. (44)
1918	November 11 <sup>th</sup> is Armistice Day, or Veterans Day, the day a peace agreement
	was signed to stop fighting at the end of WWI. (55)
1919	WWI officially ends on June 28 <sup>th</sup> . (55)
	The first airship makes its way across the Atlantic. (75)
1931	The drought begins that causes the Dust Bowl; it ends in 1939. (4)
1933	FDR becomes president. (4)
1935	The New Deal (4)
1937	The Hindenburg disaster (75)
1946	Eleanor Roosevelt is appointed as a delegate to the United Nations. (12)
1955	The polio vaccine is made available to the public. (46)
1963	Martin Luther King, Jr. writes A Letter from a Birmingham Jail. (14)
1967	Thurgood Marshall is appointed to the Supreme Court. (52)
	A California high school teacher creates "The Wave" to teach students about
	fascism. (71)
1968	The Tet Offensive (82)
1973	Henry Kissinger wins the Nobel Peace Prize. (122)
1975	Pol Pot takes over Cambodia. (73)
1981	Sandra Day O'Connor is appointed to the Supreme Court. (52)
1982	Keith Green dies in a plane crash. (17)
1987	Dr. Ben Carson receives international fame for being the first doctor to
	successfully perform a certain kind of operation to separate Siamese twins. (23)
1996	Brin and Page program a search engine called Google. (122)
2000	Colin Powell becomes the First African American Secretary of State. (23)
2001	Napster loses an appeals case to A&M Records. (123)
2005	Condoleezza Rice becomes the first female African American Secretary of State. (23)
2009	Sonia Sotomayor is appointed to the Supreme Court. (52)
2014	Riots take place in Ferguson, Missouri. (121)

Trace and write uraNOS. Note: You don't need to write the little added markings above the letters. They are diacritical markings if you want to look that up.



# οὐρανὸς

Trace and write uraNON keNON.

# ούρανὸν καινὸν

# ούρανὸν καινὸν

Trace and write EEthon.



# νοδί3

Trace and write ke EEthon.



# καὶ εἶδον

Trace and write uraNON keNON.

# ούρανὸν καινὸν

# ούρανὸν καινὸν

Trace and write Write yeen keNEEN.

# γῆν καινήν

# γῆν καινήν

Read and write the Greek.

# πρῶτος οὐρανὸς

# πρώτη γῆ

Read and write the Greek.

# καὶ ἡ θάλασσα

# οὐκ ἔστιν

Read and write the Greek.

# άπῆλθαν

Read and write uk esTEEN Etee.

# ούκ ἔστιν ἕτι

# ούκ ἕστιν ἕτι

Read and write ke teen POleen teen aYEEan.

# καὶ τὴν πόλιν

# τὴν ἁγίαν

Read and write kataVEnusan.

# καταβαίνουσαν

# καταβαίνουσαν

Read and write eeteemazMEneen.

# ἡτοιμασμένην

# ἡτοιμασμένην

Read and write os NEEMfeen.

# ώς νύμφην

# ώς νύμφην

Read and write to anTHREE afTEES.

# τῷ ἀνδρὶ αὐτῆς

Read and write ke teen POleen teen aYEEan ee-erusaLEEM keNEEN.

# καὶ τὴν πόλιν τὴν ἁγίαν

# Ίερουσαλήμ καινήν

Read and write EEthon kataVEnusan ek tu uranU aPO tu theU.

# εἶδον καταβαίνουσαν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ ἀπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ

Read and write eeteemazMEneen os NEENfeen kekozmeeMEneen to anTHREE afTEES.

# ἡτοιμασμένην ὡς νύμφην κεκοσμημένην τῷ ἀνδρὶ αὐτῆς

Read and write kai EEkusa fonEES meGAlees ek tu THROnu leGUsees.

# καὶ ἤκουσα φωνῆς μεγάλης ἐκ τοῦ θρόνου λεγούσης

Read and write eeTHU ee skeeNEE tu theU.

# Ίδοὺ ἡ σκηνὴ

## τοῦ θεοῦ

Greek Writing 21
Write in Greek them, they, his, and himself.

Read and write ke afTEE laEE afTU Esonde.

# καὶ αὐτοὶ λαοὶ

# αὐτοῦ ἔσονται

### Revelation 21:1-3

- a Then I saw "a new heaven and a new earth," **b** for the first heaven and the first earth had passed away, **c** and there was no longer any sea.
  - **a** ke EEthon uraNON keNON ke yeen keNEEN **b** o war PROtos uraNOS ke ee PROtee yee aPEELthon **c** ke ee THAlasa uk esTEEN Etee (and I saw earth new and heaven new the for new heaven and the new earth went away and the sea no is more)
  - **a** Καὶ εἶδον οὐρανὸν καινὸν καὶ γῆν καινήν: **b** ὁ γὰρ πρῶτος οὐρανὸς καὶ ἡ πρώτη γῆ ἀπῆλθαν, **c** καὶ ἡ θάλασσα οὐκ ἔστιν ἔτι.
- a I saw the Holy City, the new Jerusalem, **b** coming down out of heaven from God, **c** prepared as a bride beautifully dressed for her husband.
  - **a** ke teen POleen teen aYEEan ee-erusaLEEM keNEEN EEthon **b** kataVEnusan ek tu uranU aPO tu theU **c** eeteemazMEneen os NEENfeen kekozmeeMEneen to anTHREE afTEES
  - (and the city the holy Jerusalem new I saw descending out of heaven from the God prepared as a bride adorned for husband her)
  - **a** καὶ τὴν πόλιν τὴν ἀγίαν Ἰερουσαλὴμ καινὴν εἶδον **b** καταβαίνουσαν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ ἀπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ, **c** ἡτοιμασμένην ὡς νύμφην κεκοσμημένην τῷ ἀνδρὶ αὐτῆς.
- a And I heard a loud voice from the throne saying, **b** "Look! God's dwelling place is now among the people, and he will dwell with them. **c** They will be his people, and God himself will be with them and be their God."
  - **a** kai EEkusa fonEES meGAlees ek tu THROnu leGUsees, **b** "eeTHU ee skeeNEE tu theU meTA ton anTHROpon ke skeeNOsee met afTON. **c** ke afTEE laEE afTU Esonde ke afTOS o theOS met afTON Este afTON theOS." (and I heard voice great from the throne saying, "Behold the dwelling of God with men and he will dwell with them. And they people his will be and himself the God with them will be their God.")
  - **a** καὶ ἤκουσα φωνῆς μεγάλης ἐκ τοῦ θρόνου λεγούσης, **b** Ἰδοὺ ἡ σκηνὴ τοῦ θεοῦ μετὰ τῶν ἀνθρώπων, καὶ σκηνώσει μετ' αὐτῶν, **c** καὶ αὐτοὶ λαοὶ αὐτοῦ ἔσονται, καὶ αὐτὸς ὁ θεὸς μετ' αὐτῶν ἔσται, αὐτῶν θεός.

The Greek Alphabet

 $\alpha$  Alpha  $\beta$  Beta  $\gamma$  Gamma  $\delta$  Delta

 $\epsilon$  Epsilon  $\zeta$  Zeta  $\eta$  Eta  $\theta$  Theta  $\iota$  Iota

 $\kappa$  Kappa  $\lambda$  Lamda  $\mu$  Mu  $\nu$  Nu  $\xi$  Xi

o Omicron  $\pi$  Pi  $\rho$  Ro  $\sigma$  Sigma  $\tau$  Tau

υ Upsilon φ Phi χ Chi ψ Psi ω Omega

# Appendix

### Day Number Index

Writing Sentences 1	Day 1	Vocabulary Review 2	Day 33
Writing Sentences 2	Day 6	Vocabulary Review 3	, Day 35
Writing Sentences 3	, Day 11	Vocabulary Review 4	Day 67
Writing Sentences 4	Day 16	Vocabulary Review 5	Day 69
Writing Sentences 5	Day 21	Vocabulary Review 6	Day 101
Writing Sentences 6	Day 36	Vocabulary Review 7	Day 103
Writing Sentences 7	Day 41	Vocabulary Review 8	Day 105
Writing Sentences 8	Day 46	Vocabulary Review 9	Day 137
Writing Sentences 9	Day 51	Vocabulary Review 10	Day 139
Writing Sentences 10	Day 56	•	•
Writing Sentences 11	Day 71	Science Review 1	Day 26
Writing Sentences 12	Day 76	Science Review 6	Day 31
Writing Sentences 13	Day 81	Science Review 7	Day 33
Writing Sentences 14	Day 86	Science Review 11	Day 56
Writing Sentences 15	Day 91	Science Review 12	Day 57
Writing Sentences 16	Day 106	Science Review 13	Day 61
Writing Sentences 17	Day 111	Science Review 14	Day 62
Writing Sentences 18	Day 116	Science Review 15	Day 63
Writing Sentences 19	Day 121	Science Review 16	Day 73
Writing Sentences 20	Day 126	Science Review 17	Day 74
		Science Review 18	Day 78
Spelling Review 1	Day 26	Science Review 19	Day 87
Spelling Review 2	Day 27	Science Review 20	Day 97
Spelling Review 4	Day 29	Science Review 21	Day 98
Spelling Review 6	Day 61	Science Review 22	Day 111
Spelling Review 7	Day 62	Science Review 23	Day 114
Spelling Review 8	Day 63	Science Review 24	Day 115
Spelling Review 10	Day 65	Science Review 25	Day 135
Spelling Review 11	Day 96		
Spelling Review 12	Day 97	Grammar Review 1	Day 32
Spelling Review 14	Day 99	Grammar Review 3	Day 66
Spelling Review 15	Day 100	Grammar Review 5	Day 70
Spelling Review 16	Day 131	Grammar Review 6	Day 102
Spelling Review 18	Day 133	Grammar Review 7	Day 104
Spelling Review 20	Day 135	Grammar Review 8	Day 136

### The Book of Acts

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Social Studies Review 2	Day 27		
Social Studies Review 3	Day 28		
Socia IStudies Review 4	Day 29		
Social Studies Review 5	Day 30		
Social Studies Review 6	Day 31		
Social Studies Review 7	Day 32		
Social Studies Review 8	Day 33		
Social Studies Review 9	Day 34		
Social Studies Review 10	Day 53		
Social Studies Review 11	Day 66		
Social Studies Review 12	Day 83		
Social Studies Review 13	Day 88		
Social Studies Review 14	Day 90		
Social Studies Review 15	Days 91-92		
Social Studies Review 16	Day 93		
Social Studies Review 17	Day 101		
Social Studies Review 18	Day 102		
Social Studies Review 19	Day 107		
Social Studies Review 20	Day 126		
Social Studies Review 21	Day 137		
Social Studies Review 22	Day 138		
Social Studies Review 23	Day 141-145		
Greek Writing 1	Day 5	Greek Writing 20	Day 115
Greek Writing 2	Day 10	Greek Writing 21	Day 120
Greek Writing 3	Day 15	Greek Writing 22	Day 125
Greek Writing 4	Day 22	Greek Writing 23	Days 126-135
Greek Writing 5	Day 23	Greek Writing 24	Day 140
Greek Writing 6	Day 24		
Greek Writing 7	Day 40		
Greek Writing 8	Day 50		
Greek Writing 9	Day 62		
Greek Writing 10	Day 66		
Greek Writing 11	Day 69		
Greek Writing 12	Day 75		
Greek Writing 13	Day 80		
Greek Writing 14	Day 85		
Greek Writing 15	Day 90		
Greek Writing 16	Day 96		
Greek Writing 17	Day 100		
Greek Writing 18	Day 103		
Greek Writing 19	Day 110		

# PERIODIC TABLE OF THE ELEMENTS

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Francium (223)	Cesium 132.91 2-8-18-18-8-1	<b>75</b> ubidium 18-8-1	Potassium 39,098 2-8-8-1	Na Sodium 22.990	Lithium 6.941	Hydrogen 1.0079	- A
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Actinide		Yttrium 88.906 2-8-18-9-2	Scandium 44.956	<b>≣</b> 3			-
Rutherfordium (261)	fnium 78.49 8-32-10-2	Zirconium 91.224 2-8-18-10-2	Titanium 47.867 2-8-10-2	<b>4</b>		Atomic Number =⇒ 6	
Dubnium (262)	ntalum 80.95 8-32-11-2	Nbium Moly 92.906 2-8-18-12-1	4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.6		⇒ Carbon 12.011 24	14	É
Rf Db Sg  wherfordium Dubnium Seaborgium (261) (262) (18.2,251) (19.2,256) (1	Tungsten 183.84 2-8-18-32-12-2	5.94 3-13-1	751.996	VIB	Oxidation States  Atomic Mass	Group IUPAC Group CAS	
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Uun Uuu Uunilium Uuuununium (281) 18-33-32-18-1	Platinum 195.08 2-8-18-32-17-1	ladium 06.42 8-18	Nickel 58.693	] 5			
Unununium (272) -18-32-32-18-1	Gold 196.97 2-8-18-32-18-1	Silver 18-18-1	2 +1 Carried +2 Opper 53.546 18-1	<b>⊞ ±</b>			_
	Hg Mercury 200.59 2-8-18-32-18-2	admium 112.41 18-18-2	Zinc 65.39	<b>≅ 13</b>			F
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-18-32-18-9-2 -18-32-18-10-2 -18-32-20-9-2 -18-32-21-9-2 -	ium Uranium Neptuniur	AC Th Pa U the Note Puth Amen Cm	14 89 +3 90 +4 91 +4 92 +3 93 +3 94 +3 95 +3 96 +3 97	2.8-18-9-2   2.8-18-20-8-2   2.8-18-21-8-2   2-8-18-22-8-2   2.8-18-23-8-2   2-8-18-24-8-2   2-8-18-23-8-2   2-8-18-23-8-2   2-8-18-24-8-2   2-8-18-23-8-2   2	m Samarium Europium Gadolinium	La Ce FI NO FIII SIII EU GO ID	*3 58 +3 59 +3 60 +3 61 +3 62 +2 63 +2 64	Lanthanide
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